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mectat mbra. qs causa sitis. Febri rum effima.
iii. hē significes. qb. a febre puridinū differt. Vna
qc calor effimē ē leuis ~ suauis. Quę cū adstatum
uenit. nullā facit angustiā. aut laborē natē. Qa
caret matia. in q natā laborat addigerendū ~ ad
expellendū. Sda qm ur effimā hnciū ÷ qsi sanoy
incolore. uiore. ~ ypostasi. Quę licet inter se differ
rant. modica tm erit eay discordia. uidlicet in
colore. i. rubore. Tcia qa pulsū effimam pacien
ciū ndistat a sanoy pulsu. n indulatacionis ue
locitate. ~ cstriccionis tarditate. Tarditā q cstric
cionis puls sig matia ee in cor pe parte artiay
constringē te. ut illa extinū expellat. ~ uelocitas
dilacionis puls acutā ~ calidā innuit qlitatem.
Vnde necesse ÷ u natā organoy parte uelocit
dilatet. ut mitā aeris qntitate attrahat. q
illius qlitati acum refrigēt. Effimā ig feb q
fit ex sola qlitate. i. calore sine matia. n ÷ sibi
necessitas. u stringat uelocit parte organoy
q n hē q expellat. Prim fit mot puls indila
tacione adtrahendū aeri subtilitatē. q calor
refrigēt pl ~ uelocius q cū puls cstriccione.

De effioyā Que ē de solis calore.

Effimā febri ÷ q pp solis feruore intelligenda ÷

fic.